U.G. 2nd Semester Examination - 2020 PHYSIOLOGY

[HONOURS]

Course Code: PHYSIOL(H)CC-T-04

Full Marks: 40

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP-A

1. Answer any **five** questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- a) What are steroids?
- b) Give example of one aldose and ketose.
- c) State two important functions of lipoproteins.
- d) What is Z-DNA?
- e) Why glycine is optically inactive?
- f) What do you mean by asymmetric carbon molecule?
- g) Define quarternary structure of proteins with example.
- h) What are epimers?

GROUP-B

2. Answer any **two** from the following questions:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$

a) How the structure of RNA differ from that of a DNA? 5

b) Classify phospholipids and state their functions.

5

- Describe the physiological importance of polysaccharides.
- d) Briefly describe the characteristic features of DNA double helical structures. 5

GROUP-C

3. Answer any **two** from the following questions:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- a) i) What do you mean by optical rotation?
 - ii) Describe the optical isomers in monosaccharides. 3+7=10
- b) i) What are the differences between starch and cellulose.
 - ii) What do you mean by a reducing sugar? Explain with example.
 - iii) How will you differentiate a reducing monosaccharide from a reducing disaccharide by a single chemical test.

4+4+2=10

- c) i) What are glycoproteins? State the physiological functions of glycoproteins.
 - ii) Explain the role of oligosaccharides chains present in glycoproteins.

$$(2+4)+4=10$$

- d) i) What are prostaglandins? State the important clinical functions of prostaglandins.
 - ii) What are sphingolipids? Give example. What are their importance in human body? (2+3)+(2+3)=10
